

# RINGPAK

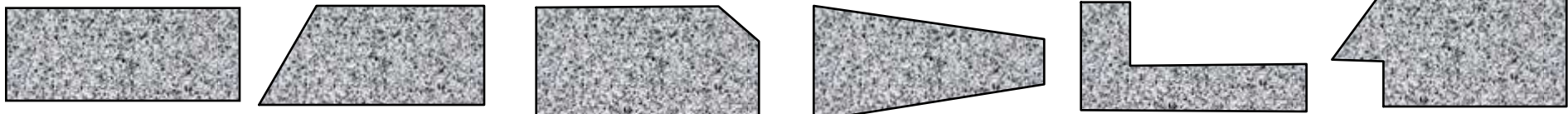
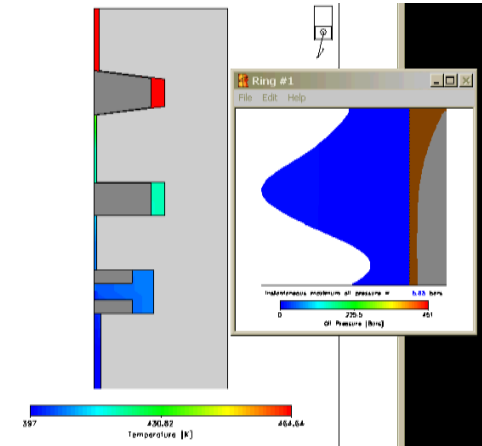
**Piston Ring Pack Performance Simulation Software**

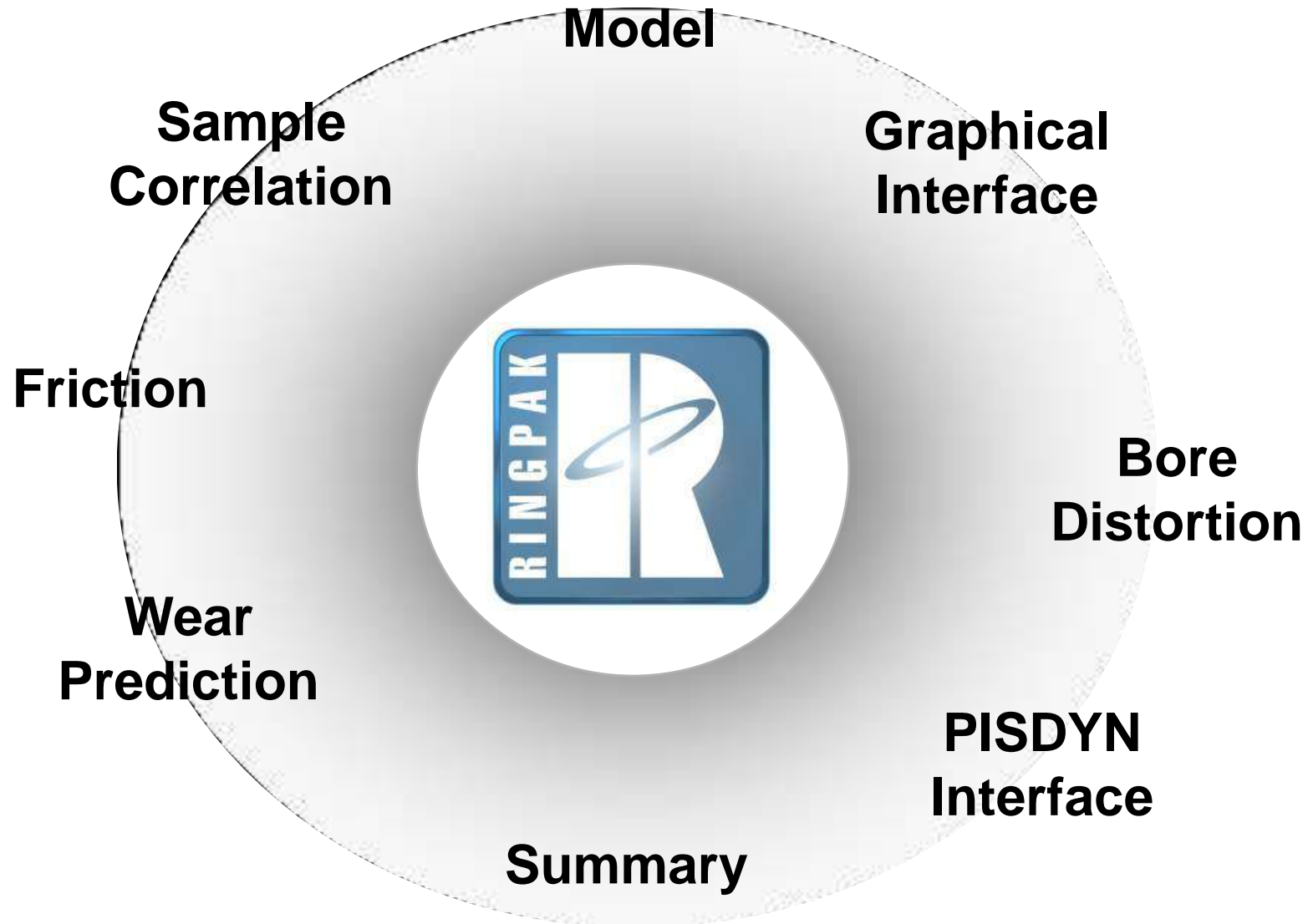


# What is RINGPAK?



- RINGPAK is a simulation package that is used for the design and analysis of a piston ring pack
- The software involves a completely integrated modeling approach to address issues related to friction, lubrication, wear, blow-by and oil consumption
- These intricately coupled phenomena are handled through detailed phenomenological models which enable the user to analyse various aspects of ring pack performance
- Typical applications include
  - Optimisation of a ring pack with relevance to friction, blow-by, oil consumption and wear
  - Influence of oil properties on ring pack performance
  - Parametric studies for various ring pack configurations
  - Piston crown design
- RINGPAK can be used for design optimisation or as a powerful troubleshooting utility to avoid expensive testing

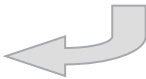
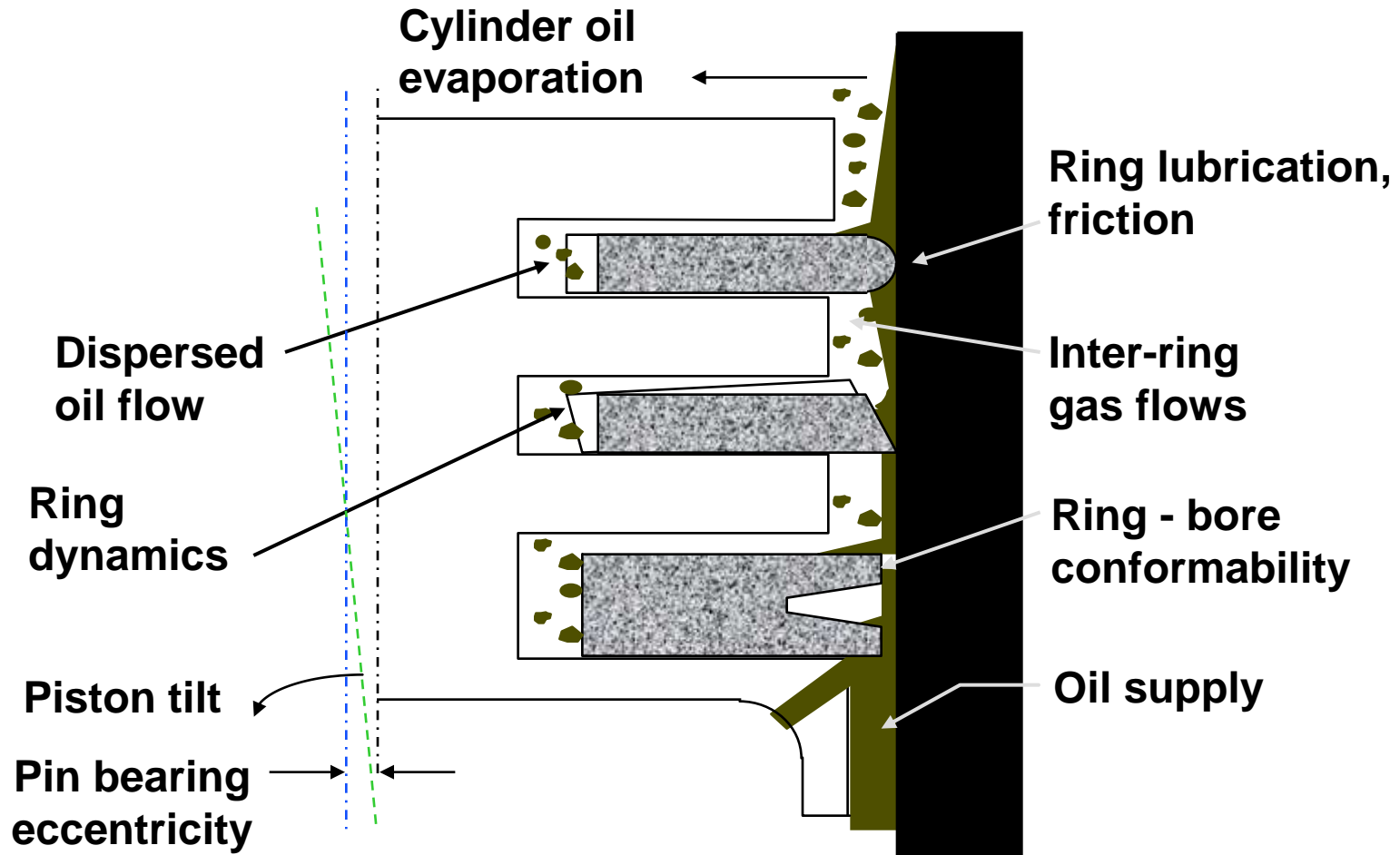




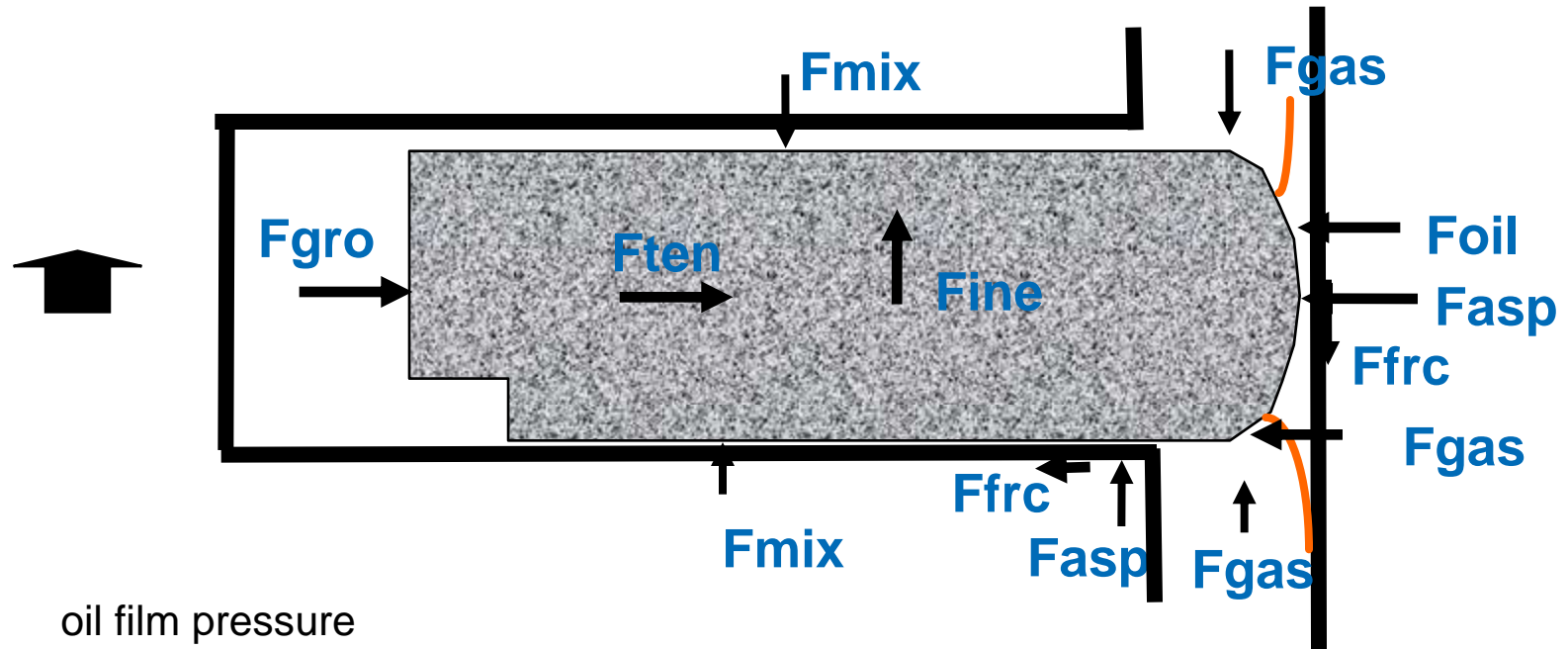
# Ring Pack Phenomena



- Axi-symmetric, 2-D treatment
- Including 3-D features.



# Ring Forces

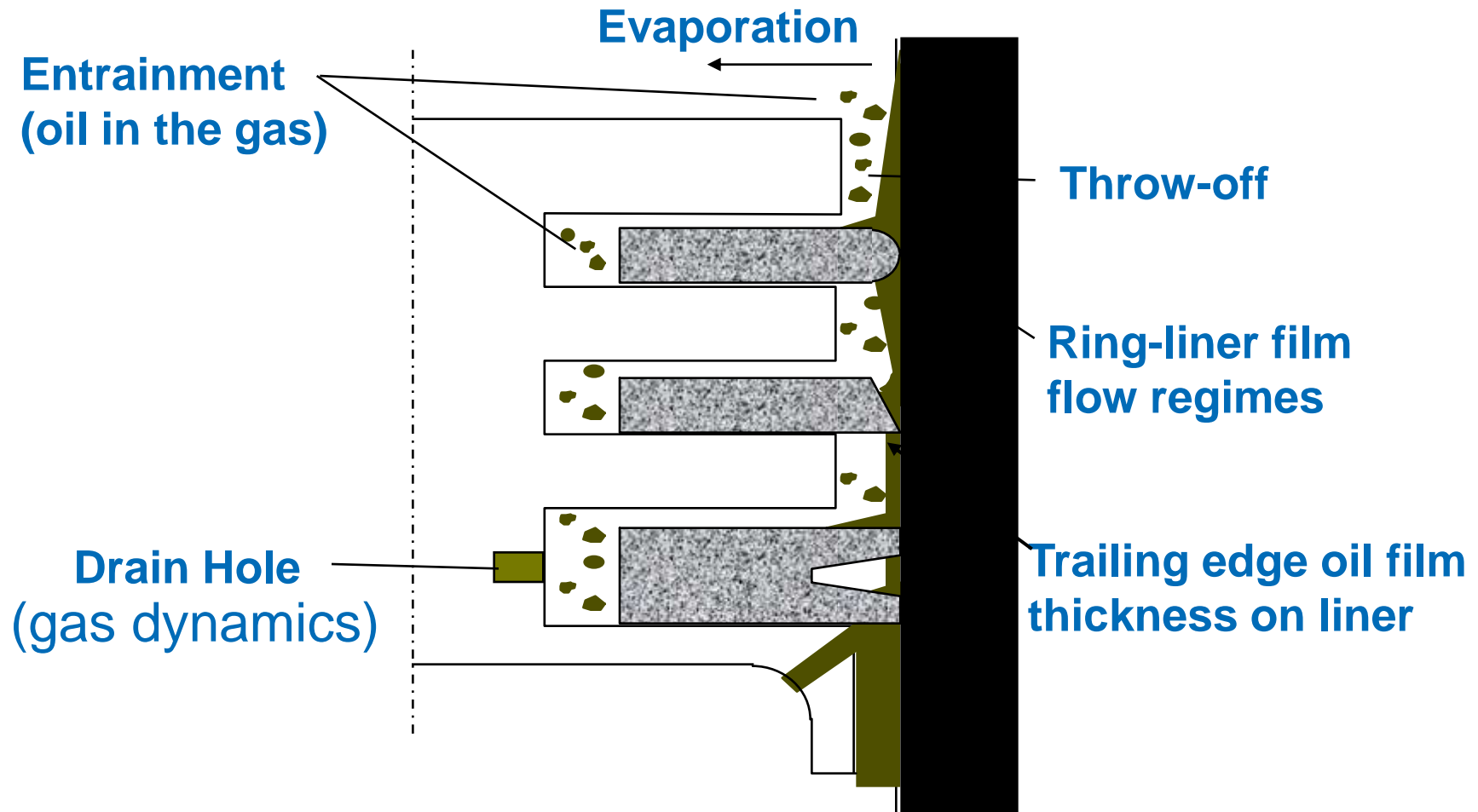


- Key:
  - Foil: oil film pressure
  - Fasp: asperity contact
  - Fmix: oil-gas mixture in ring-groove clearance
  - Fgas: gas pressure
  - Ffrc: friction at ring-groove interface
  - Fine: inertial force on the ring
  - Ften: installed tension force of ring
  - Fgro: groove gas pressure

# Oil Transport Model



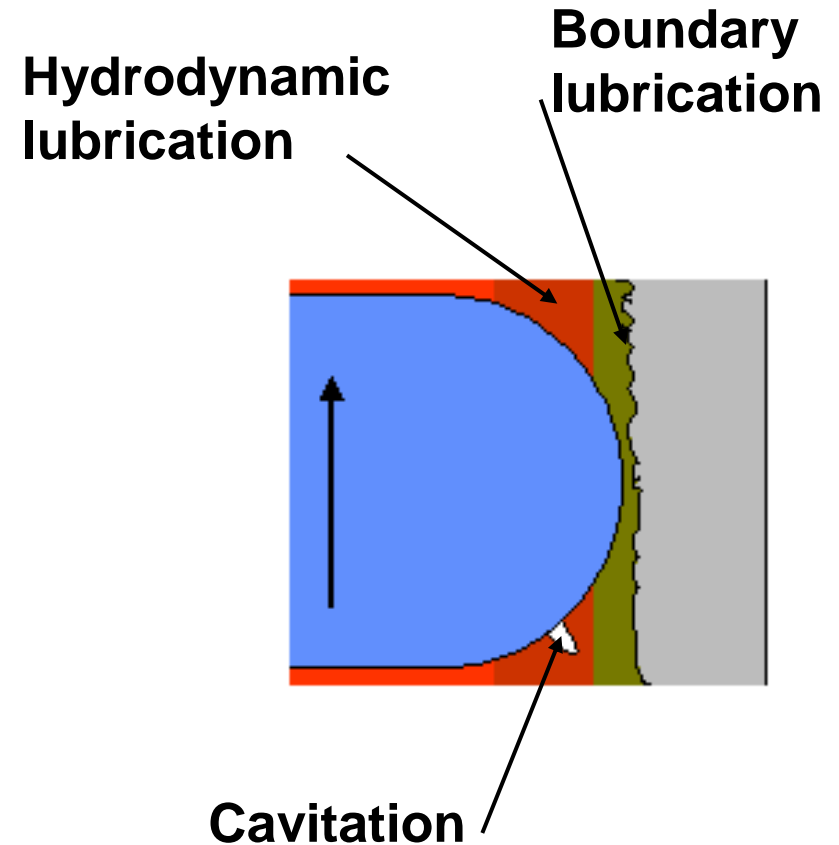
- Mass conserving algorithm



# Lubrication Solution



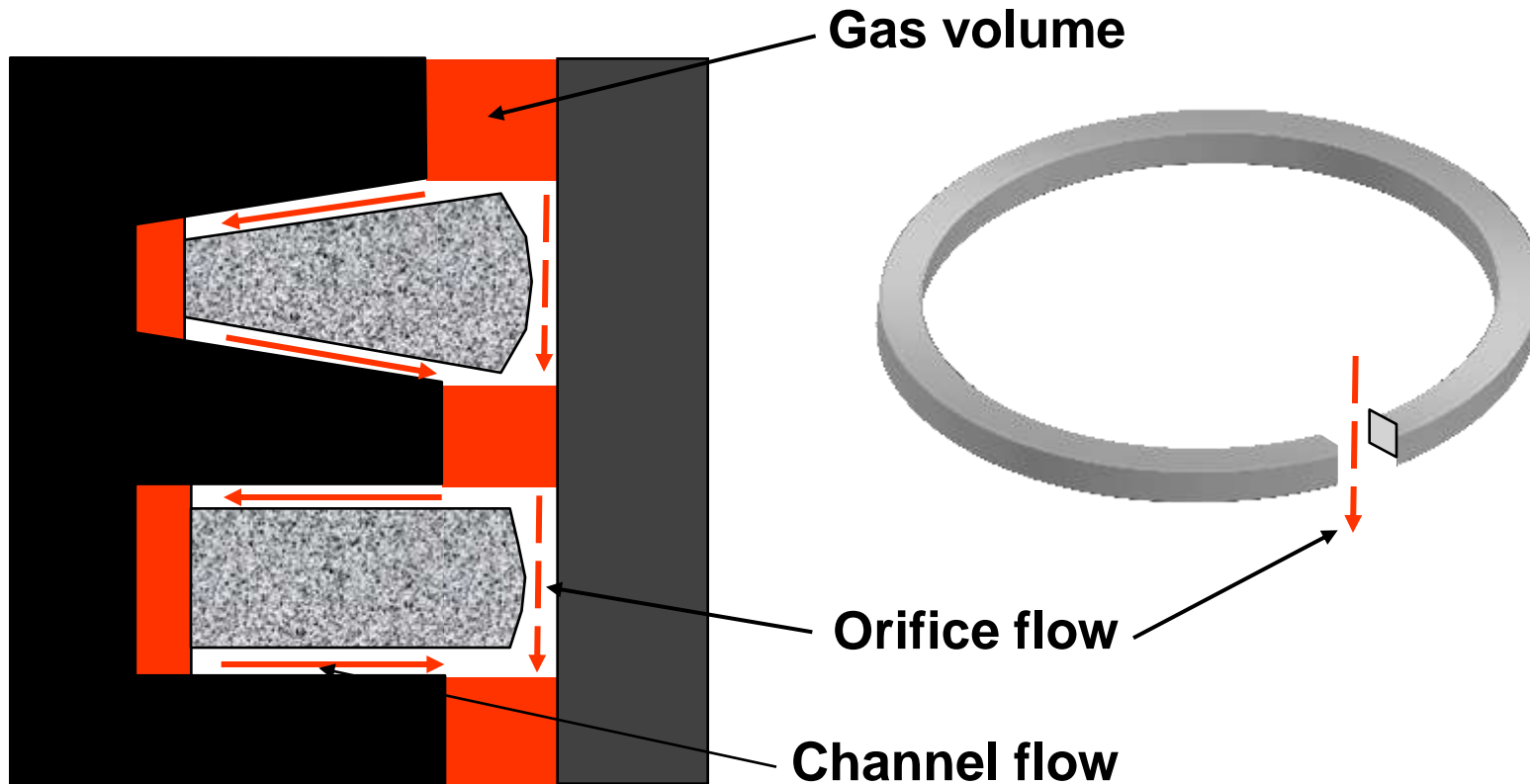
- Sufficient oil film
  - Hydrodynamic lubrication
    - Solution of Reynolds Equation
    - Oil film pressures dependent on clearance, sliding velocity and viscosity
- Reduced oil film
  - Boundary lubrication
    - Greenwood-Tripp model
    - Less oil film support
      - Asperity contact + wear
      -
- Film ruptures
  - Reynolds cavitation boundary model
    - Gas and vapor at pressure less than gauge



# Gas Dynamics



- Channel flow
- Orifice flow (end gap/ ring lift/ non-conformance)

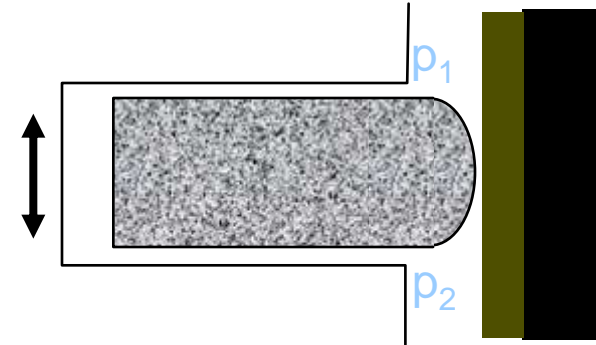




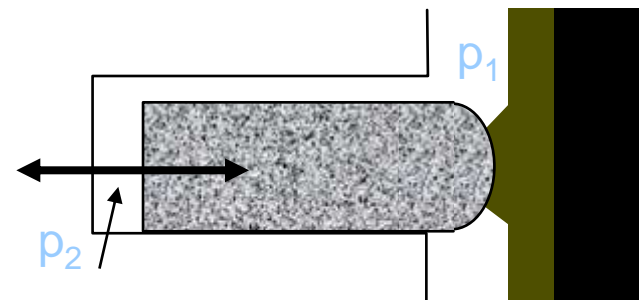
# Ring Dynamics



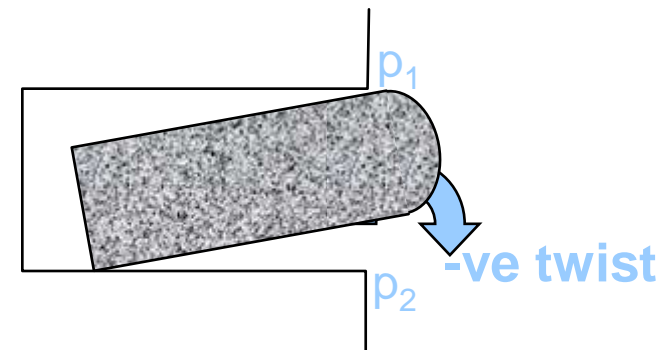
- Ring Axial Flutter



- Ring Radial Lift
  - high combustion gas pressure
  - low land pressure  $p_2 : p_1 \gg p_2$



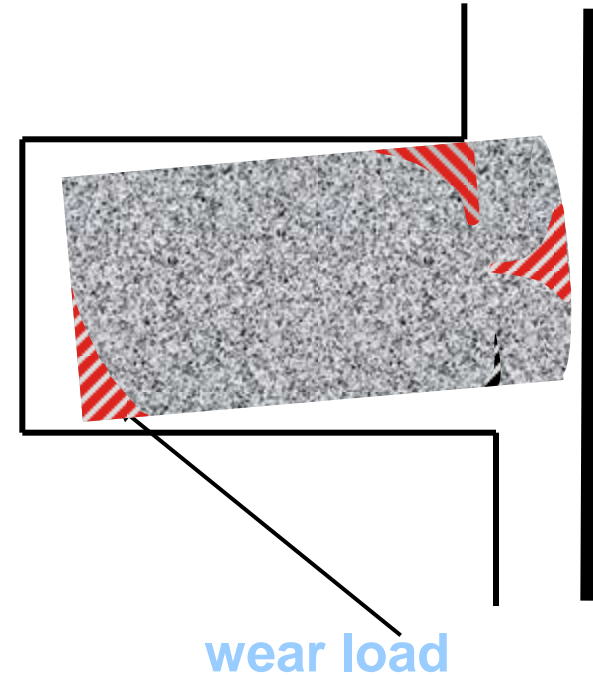
- Twist
  - top ring pre twist +ve



# Wear



- Between surface interfaces
  - ring-liner interfaces
  - ring-groove interfaces
- Wear Load = asperity contact pressure x sliding velocity  
(details viewed in RPLOT)
- Wear Rate (.out file) :



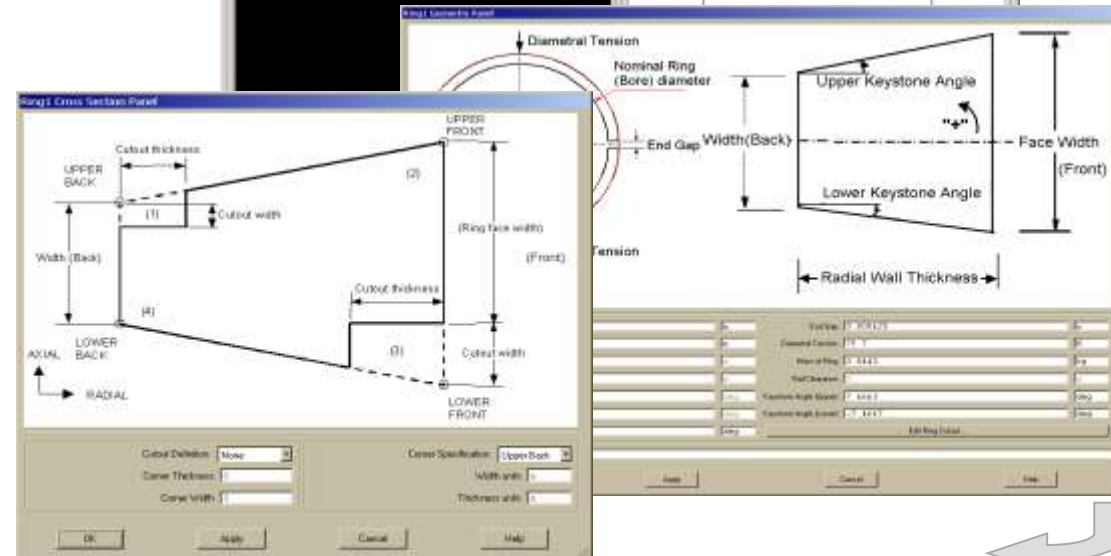
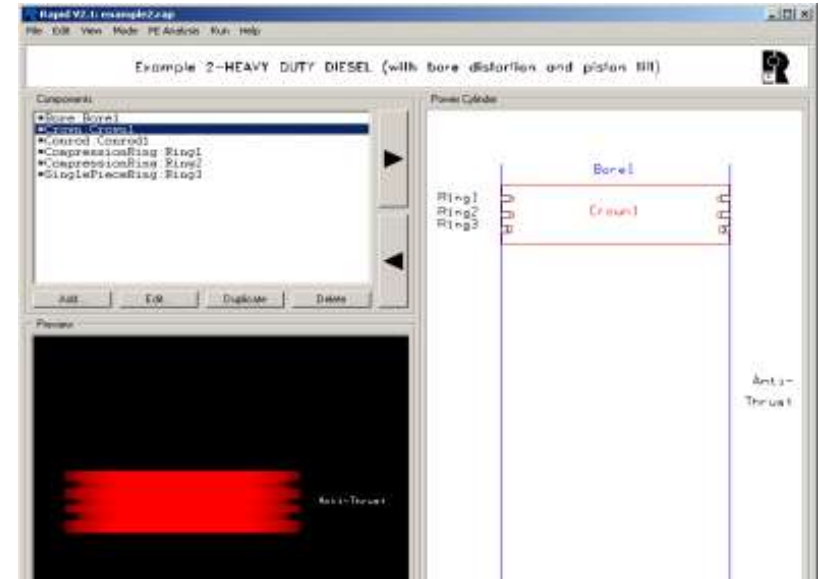
$$\text{wear rate} \propto \frac{\text{wear coefficient } t \times \text{wear load}}{\text{hardness}}$$



# RAPID - Preprocessor

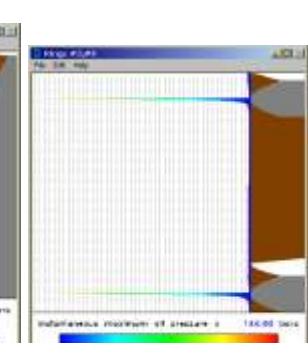
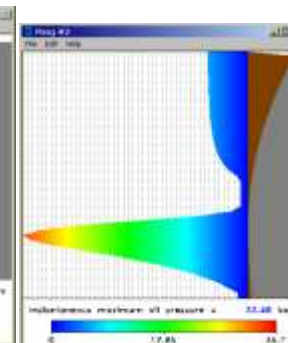
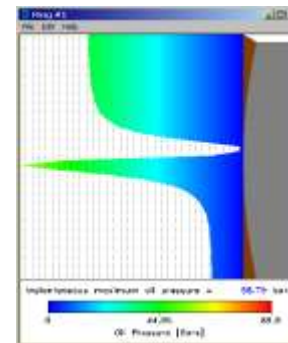
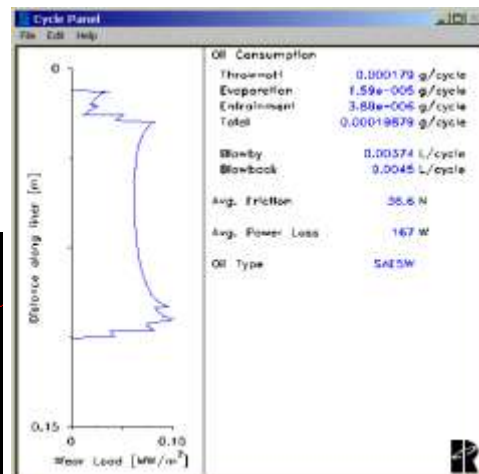
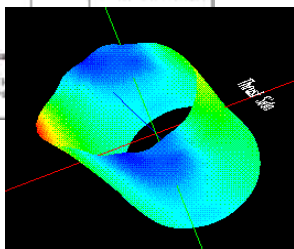
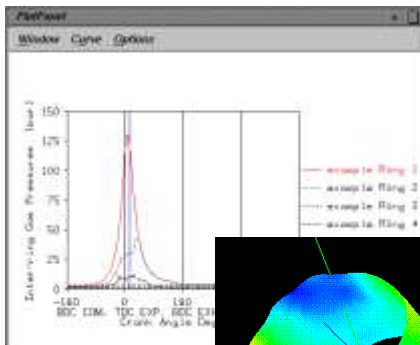
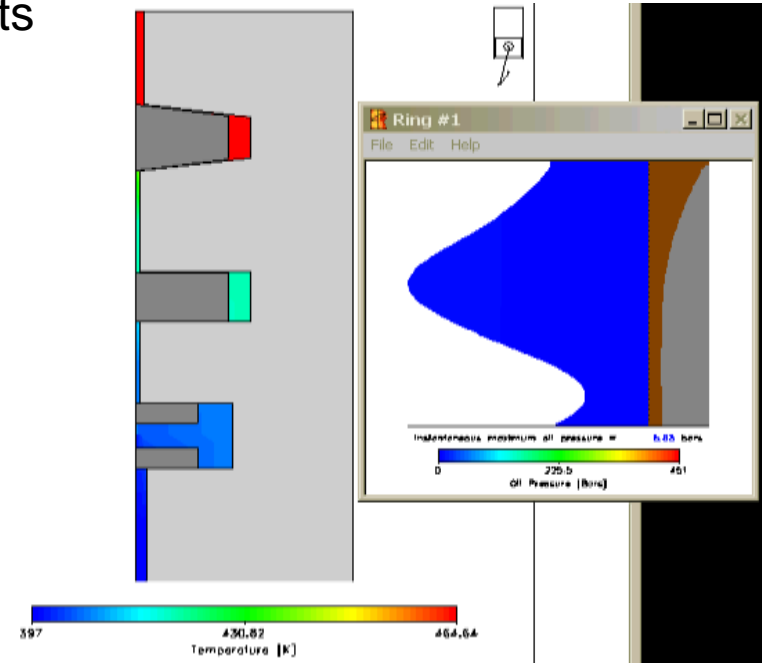


- Rapid is the RINGPAK preprocessor GUI
- This is shared with PISDYN
- RAPID allows a user to input key data through a series of panels
- Required Input Data:
  - Geometry (ring, groove etc.)
  - Engine (bore, stroke etc.)
  - Operating Conditions
  - Lubricant
  - Library of SAE grades or user defined
  - Wear Parameters
  - Surface Roughness
  - Oil Transport
  - Evaporation (oil)
  - Simulation
  - Bore Distortion (Optional)
  - Piston Tilt (Optional)



# Post Processor GUI

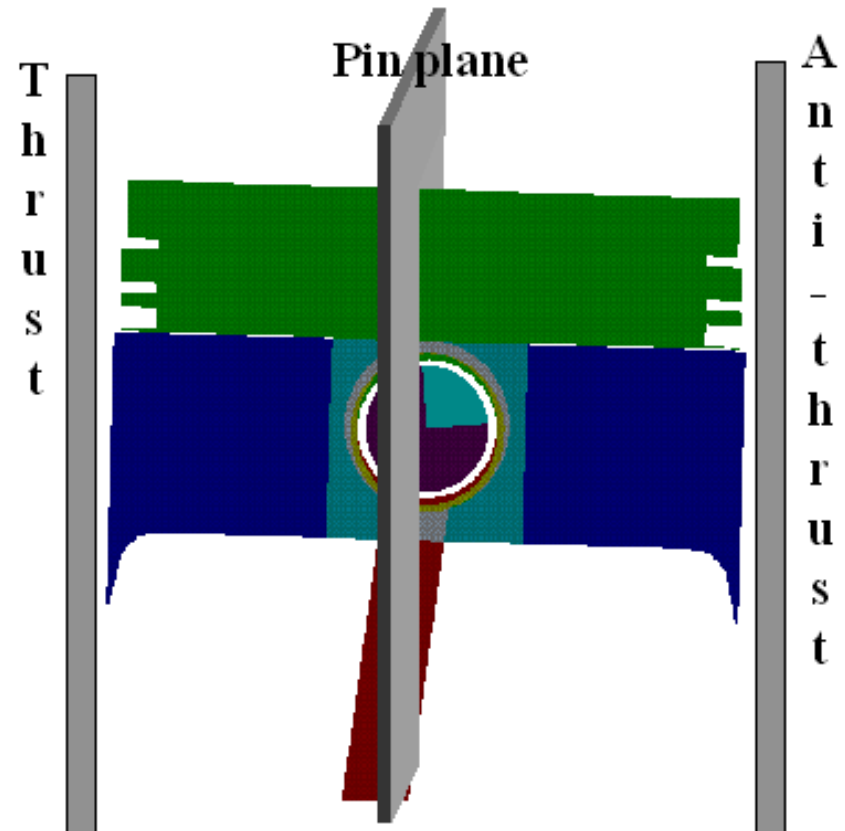
- The RINGPAK postprocessor GUI allows the user to quickly create and view animations and plots of key results
- Ring pack cross section
  - temperatures
  - pressures
  - mass flows
- Ring face cross section
  - meniscus
  - oil film pressures



# Piston Motion

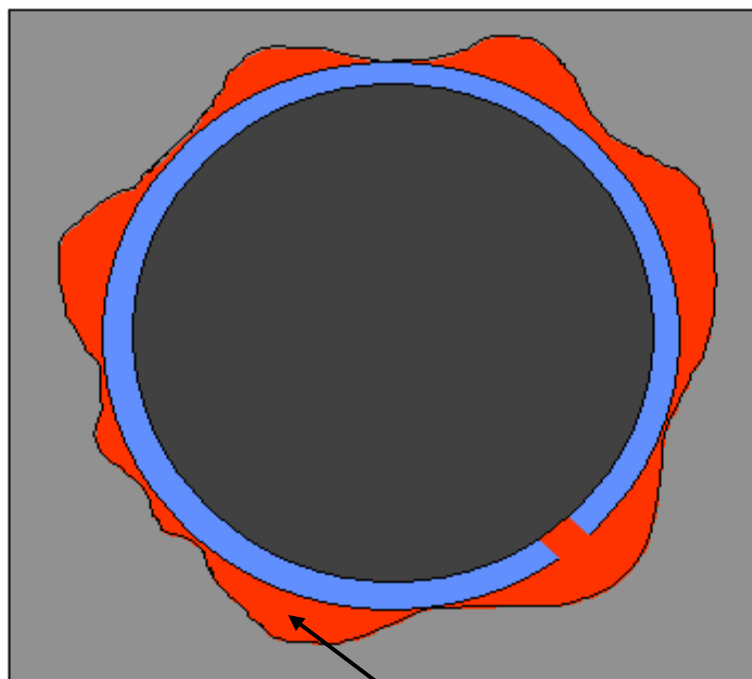


- Optional information
  - Piston tilt and eccentricity vs. crank angle:
    - from simulation, PISDYN
    - measured
    - user data

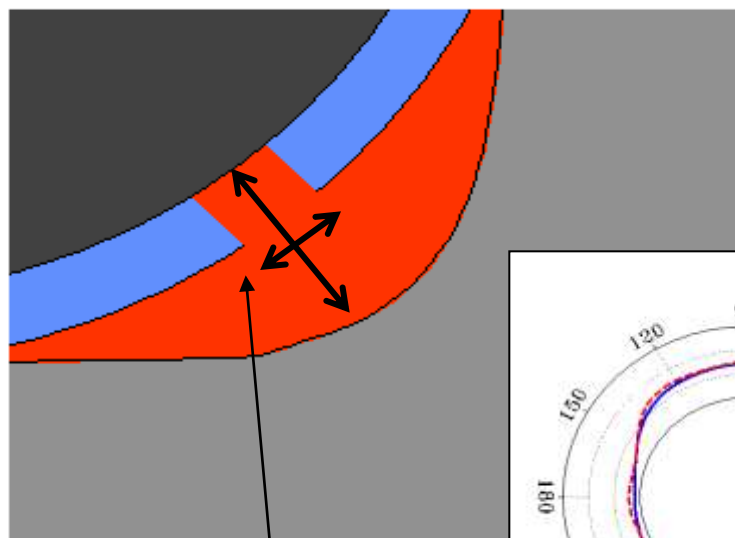


# Bore Distortion

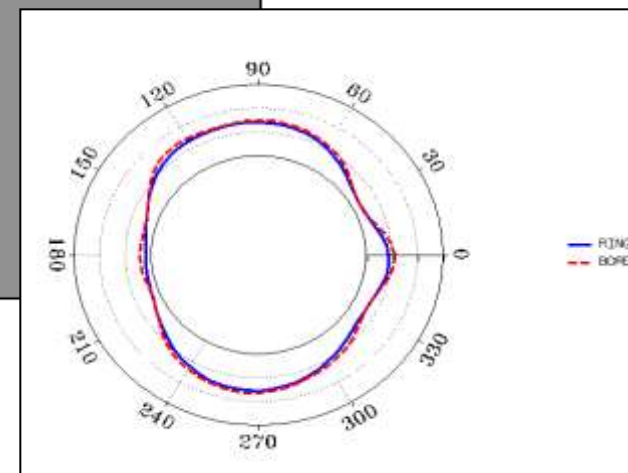
- Bore distortion (optional, recommended):
  - measured or FEA
  - radial distortions or harmonic coefficients



Non-conforming area



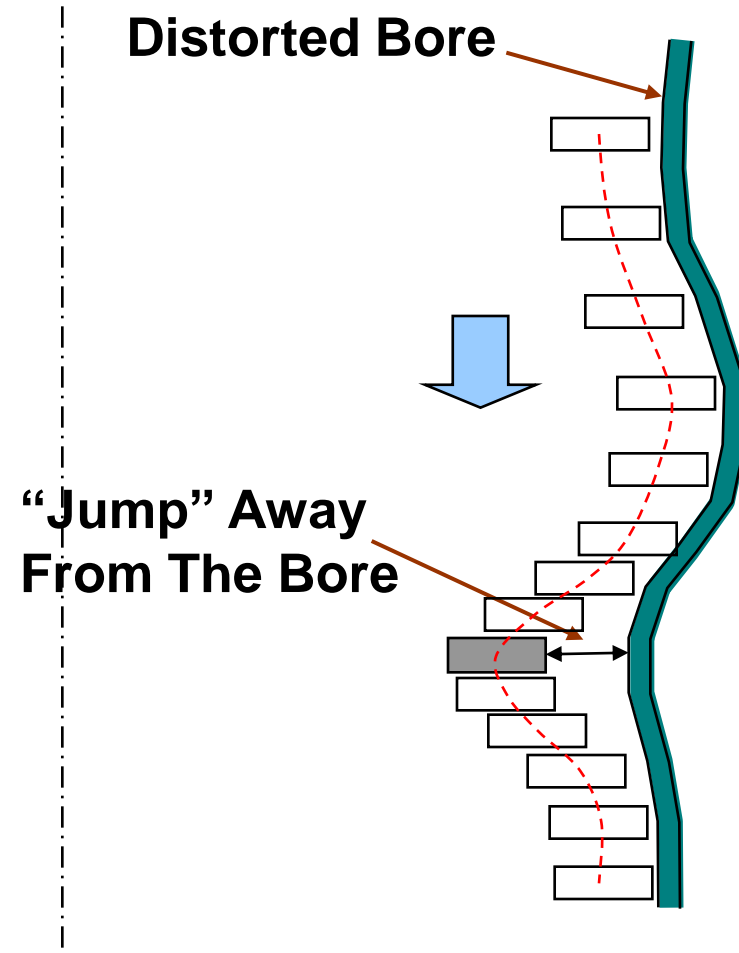
End gap



# Bore Distortion (axial)



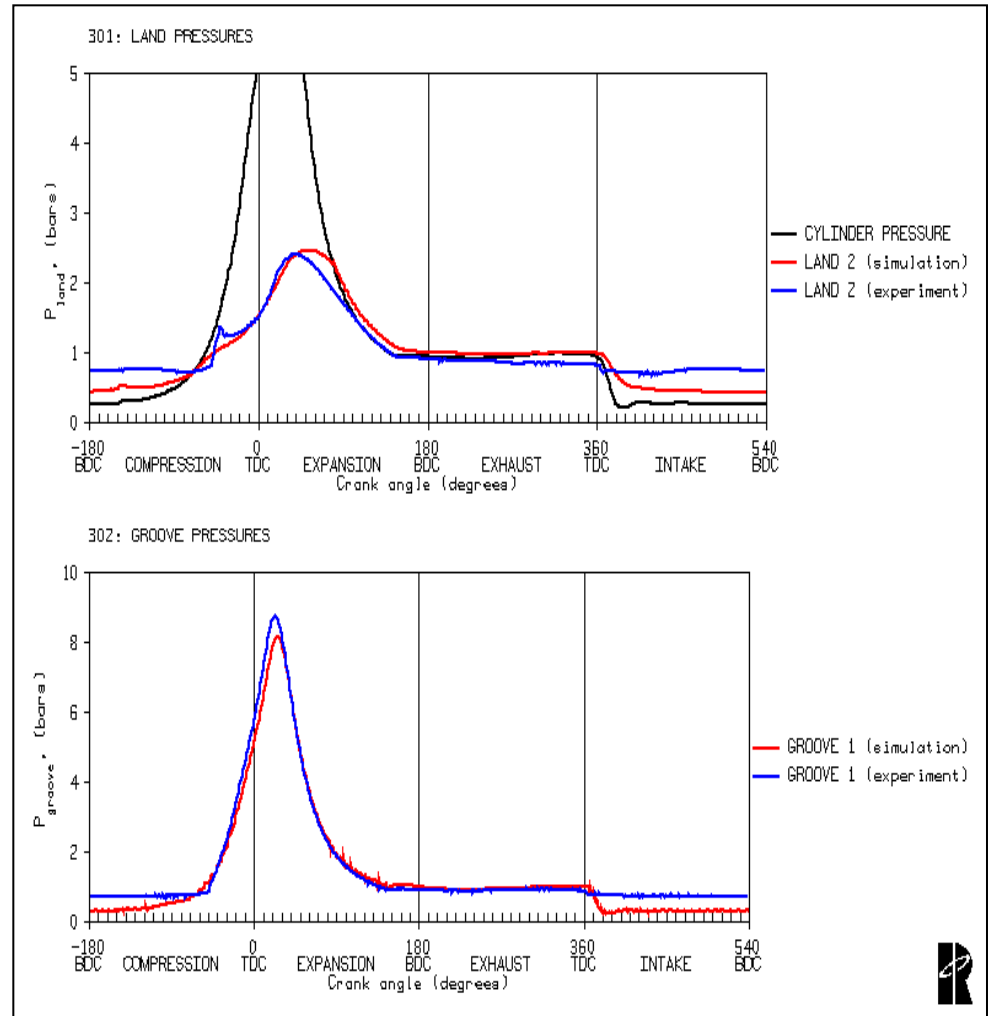
- Axial bore profile:
  - Thermal expansion,
  - Mechanical restraint
  - Wear
- Ring radial dynamics
  - Radial inertia
  - “Ski ramp” effect
- Effects on
  - Oil flow rate
  - Oil consumption
  - End gap / gas flow



# Sample Correlation



- Correlation work by clients for motion, pressure and oil consumption.
- Client Papers
  - Cummins
  - Federal Mogul
  - Metal Leve
- DOE funded correlation, testing done by CAT

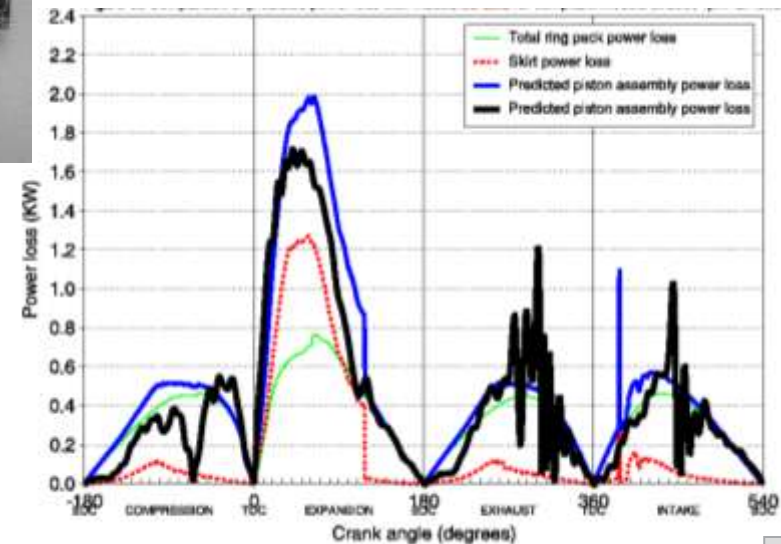
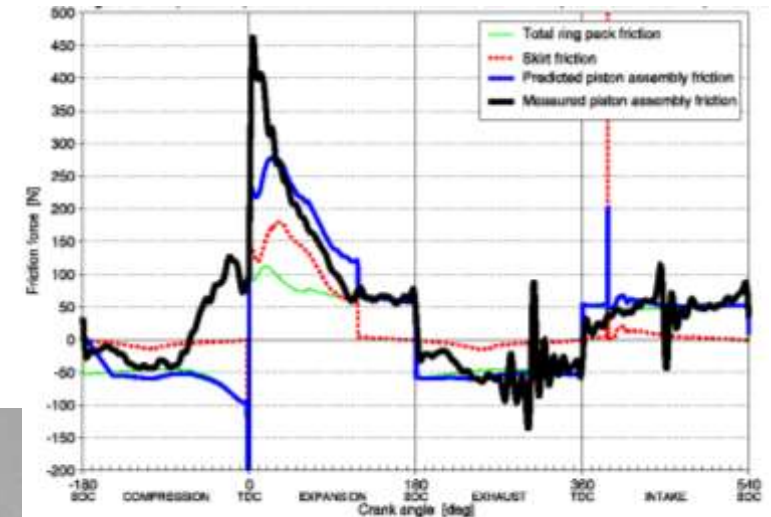
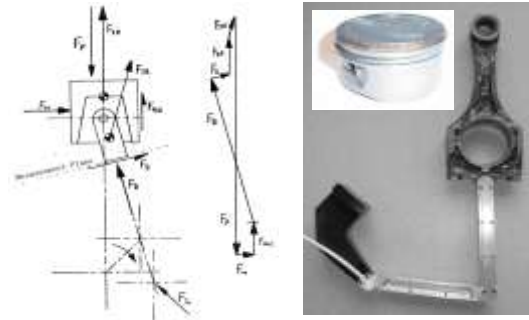




# Piston Assembly Friction Validation



- Graphs show good correlation between measured piston assembly friction force and sum of predicted values for rings and skirt at 2000 rpm full load
- Measurements
  - IMEP Method
  - Error at the end of the compression stroke
- Parametric studies performed to quantify the influence of
  - Engine load
  - Engine speed
  - Skirt surface roughness
  - Oil temperature
  - Liner surface texture
  - Boundary friction coefficient
  - Oil grade
- Presented at SAE (SAE 2006-0-0426)
- Further work is planned to quantify the influence of skirt flexibility, skirt profile, ring face profiles and bore distortion



# Summary



- World wide user base
- Advanced 2-D Solutions
  - wear and scuffing
  - ring motion
  - oil consumption
- Includes 3-D features
- Oil consumption
- Improved ring pack/piston selection
- Validation by Ricardo and clients world wide
- Reduction in costly testing leading to lower product cost

